Reference 3: Synonyms, Antonyms, and Five-Step Vocabulary Plan								
Part 1: Synonyms and Antonyms								
Definitions: Synonyms are words that have similar, or almost the same, meanings. Antonyms are words that have opposite meanings.								
Directions: Identify each pair of words as synonyms or antonyms by putting parentheses () around <i>syn</i> or <i>ant</i> .								
1. noisy, loud	(syn) ant	2. damp, wet	(syn) ant	3. add, subtract	syn (ant)			
Part 2: Five-Step Vocabulary Plan								
(1) Write a title for the vocabulary words in each chapter. Example: Chapter 1, Vocabulary Words								
(2) Write each vocabulary word in your vocabulary notebook.								
(3) Look up each vocabulary word in a dictionary or thesaurus.								
(4) Write the meaning beside each vocabulary word.								
(5) Write a sentence that helps you remember how each vocabulary word is used.								

Reference 4: A and An Choices							
Rule 1: Use the word a when the next word begins with a consonant sound. (<i>Example: a hairy ape.</i>) Rule 2: Use the word an when the next word begins with a vowel sound. (<i>Example: an ape.</i>)							
Example Sentences: Write a or an in the blanks							
1. They moved into <u>an</u> avertment.	3. She noticed <u>a</u> change in his attitude.						
2. They moved into <u>a</u> new apartment.	4. She noticed <u>an</u> obvious change in his attitude.						

Reference 5: My Sentence Book Series, Book 1					
Part A	Part B				
Му	Page 1: Horse runs.				
Sentence Book	Page 2: Horse jumps.				
Series	Page 3: Horse walks.				
Book #1	Page 4: Horse eats.				
	Page 5: Horse sleeps.				
By: (Write your name.)	Page 6: The End.				
Date: (Write the date.)					

Level 3 Homeschool Student Book

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Chapter 3 Test										
Exercise 1: Classify each sentence.										
1 An	inactive	e volcano	erupted	quite	unexpec	tedly!				
2 The	very	bright Christi	mas lights	blinked	rather	slowly.				
Exercise 2: Identify e	each pair of wo	rds as synonyms or an	tonyms by putting	parentheses ()	around syn o	r <i>ant.</i>				
1. sever, cut	syn ant	4. apt, suitable	syn ant	7. curiosity,	interest	syn ant				
2. vague, clear	syn ant	5. tasty, bland	syn ant	8. friendly, a	amiable	syn ant				
3. weary, tired	syn ant	6. seldom, often	syn ant	9. kind, irrev	verent	syn ant				
Exercise 3: Put the end marks and the abbreviations for each kind of sentence in the blanks below. 1. Did you vote in the election 2. My uncle bought a new car 3. I lost my new job 4. Turn the heat on low Exercise 4: Write a or an in the blanks. 1. We rode elk. 3. Did you ene celf? 5 plate 7 ant 2. He was funny juggler. 4 phave banjo.										
		d below, write S for s		plural. • P 7. 8.	Noun shelves men car	S or P				
2. article a 3. adjectiv 4. verb qu	at the subjectives e modifies estion noun questi	ct does	etter beside eacl	 A. verb, a B. who or C. what is D. person E. a, an, t 	djective, or what being saic , place, or	l about				

Exercise 7: On notebook paper, write the four kinds of sentences: Declarative, Interrogative, Exclamatory, and Imperative. Write the correct punctuation and the abbreviation that identifies it at the end. Use these abbreviations: **D**, **Int**, **E**, **Imp**.

Exercise 8: In your journal, write a paragraph summarizing what you have learned this week.